

CHECKLIST

# **NEW DWELLINGS & ADDITIONS**

RU5 ZONE - VILLAGE ZONE BLAYNEY DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2018

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

### **PROPERTY ADDRESS**

## LAND REQUIREMENTS (BLAYNEY LEP 2012)

- 1. Property is within a heritage conservation area Yes or has a heritage item, or is identified as in a No buffer area or environmentally sensitive land - make appointment with Council's Planning Officers for advice.
- 2. The development complies with the following Yes objectives of the RU5 - Village Zone:
  - To provide for a range of land uses, services and facilities that are associated with a rural village.
  - To minimise conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within adjoining zones.
  - To encourage and provide opportunities for population and local employment growth commensurate with available services.
  - To minimise the impact of non-residential uses and ensure those uses are in character and compatible with the surrounding residential development.

#### **BUILDING REQUIREMENTS**

- 1. Building will be a minimum of 10 metres away Yes from power lines.
- 2. Building will be a minimum of 1 metre from an Yes easement, sewer or water main.
- 3. Building is connected to the sewer or has an Yes existing septic tank with sufficient capacity. If not, a Section 68 Application can be lodged
- 4. Building is not an alteration or addition to a Yes

concurrently with the development application.

- garage that is forward of the building line. 5. Building will not encroach over an easement.
- 6. Building complies with applicable 88B Instrument. Yes
- 7. A BASIX Certificate has been obtained for the Yes building if valued over \$50,000. NA

1.	The lot (property) is greater than the minimum lot size specified in the Blayney Local Environment Plan.	Yes
2.	There is only one dwelling on the property.	Yes
3.	If the lot is a battle-axe lot, have an access laneway of least 3 metres.	Yes NA
4.	If the lot fronts a classified road, the building is set back at least 8 metres.	Yes NA
5.	The primary road setback is not less than the average setback of the 2 nearest dwellings on the same side of the road or 4.5 metres whichever is the greater.	Yes
6.	The rear boundary setback is a minimum of 1.5 metres.	Yes
7.	If the lot is a corner lot, the secondary road frontage setback is 3 metres for lots up to 900m² or 4.5 metres for lots greater than 900m² with a minimum 5.5 metre garage/carport setback.	Yes NA
8.	The side boundary setbacks comply with the Building Code of Australia.	Yes
9.	The building has a setback to a public reserve of at least 3 metres.	Yes NA
10.	The building has a maximum height of 9 metres (two storey buildings may require shadow diagrams to assess the impact on adjoining properties).	Yes
11.	The house contains at least 1 door and 1 window to a habitable room at ground level facing the primary road.	Yes
12.	External materials have low reflectivity.	Yes
13.	Buildings greater than 1 storey or where there is potential for overlooking are designed to maximise privacy of adjoining properties.	Yes NA
14.	Dwellings are provided with adequate private	Yes

#### **DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS**

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open space.

Yes

15. The building does not result in any fill more than 600mm above the existing ground level within 1 metre of a boundary or sewer/water mains or a require a retaining wall greater than 600mm in height.	Yes
<b>16.</b> The property has at least one carparking space behind the building line.	Yes
17. The garage is located at least 0.5 metres behind the building line or 5.5 metres from the front boundary.	Yes

18. The garage door widt	h does not exceed 50%	Yes
of the front elevation	or 6 metres whichever is	
greater.		
<b>19.</b> The building must cor of Australia (Volume 2	mply with the Building Code	Yes

For detailed requirements, refer to Council's Development Control Plan 2018 - Part C - Residential Development.

### PLANS & DOCUMENTS REQUIREMENTS

- 1. A SITE PLAN illustrates the whole development and shows all features on the site. The site plan will include a north point, site boundaries and dimensions, road frontage boundary, proposed and existing buildings, setbacks to boundaries, existing vegetation and proposed landscaping, private open space areas, parking and driveways, and easements. The site plan must include existing and proposed ground levels, as well as proposed floor levels, relative to a suitable datum. Details of the depth and extent of proposed cut and fill, and proposed retaining walls are to be shown as well as erosion and sedimentation controls. The method of roofwater and stormwater disposal should be indicated on the site plan. Contours should be indicated on site plans for proposed new dwellings and large additions.
- 2. DESIGN PLANS show the architectural elements of the proposed building and works. The plans must include a dimensioned floor plan (including room names) elevations of all sides of the building indicating external finishes and BASIX requirements when applicable. A sectional detail is to indicate the footings, wall and roof construction as well as ceiling heights, levels and overall height.
- 3. STRUCTURAL PLANS are for the major structural elements of the building, eg footings, slabs & structural steel, that are designed and certified by a professional engineer. The plans must include the relevant Australian Standards for the design and where applicable, reference the ground snow load for the relative altitude of the site. The plans must be signed by the engineer and include details of their professional qualifications and/or accreditations.
- 4. BUILDING SPECIFICATIONS are a detailed description of the proposed building materials and finishes.
- **5. A BASIX CERTIFICATE** for new dwellings, alterations and additions valued at \$50,000 or over, swimming pools with a capacity of over 40,000 litres.
- All plans must be drawn to an appropriate scale, in ink and to professional drafting standards.
- Please note that additional applications for a Section 68 Approval for plumbing and drainage, or the installation of septic tanks may be required.
- Should any proposed development require work on public roads or Council land (eg driveways), an application under Section 138 of the Roads Act will be required.

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